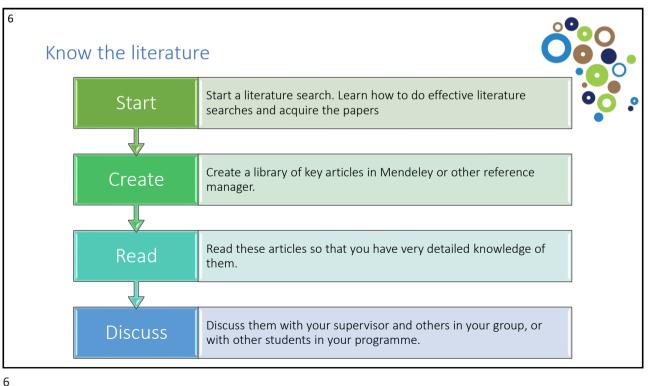
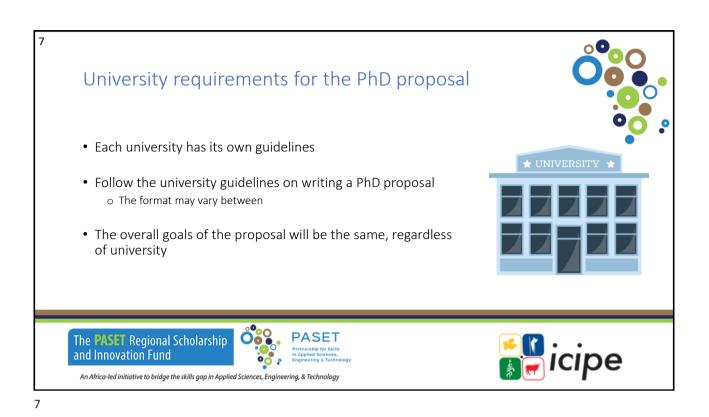
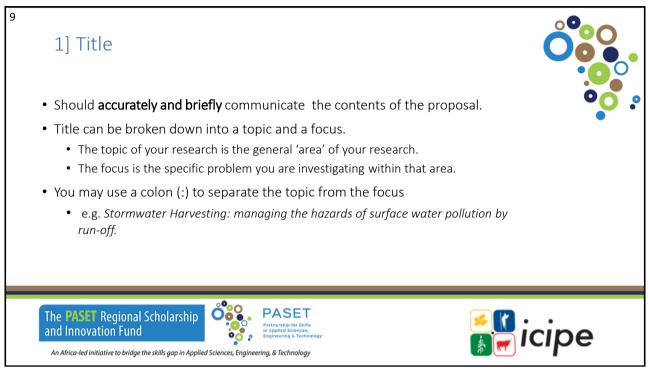


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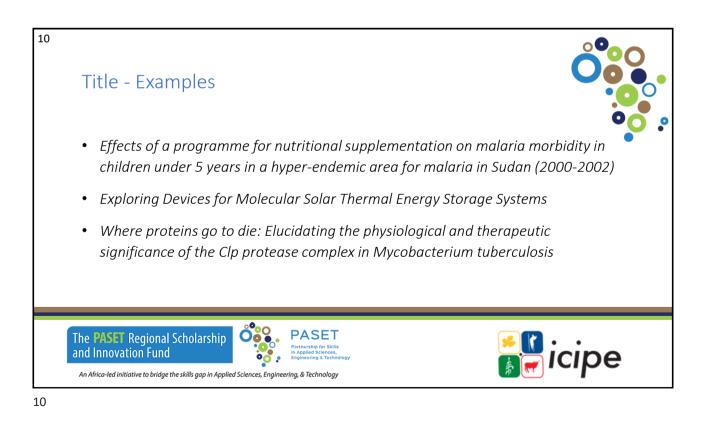






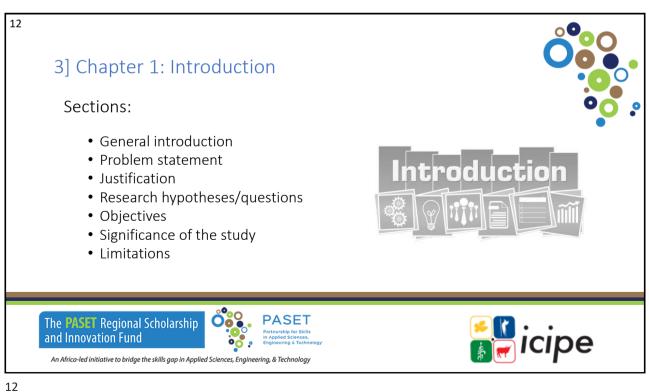


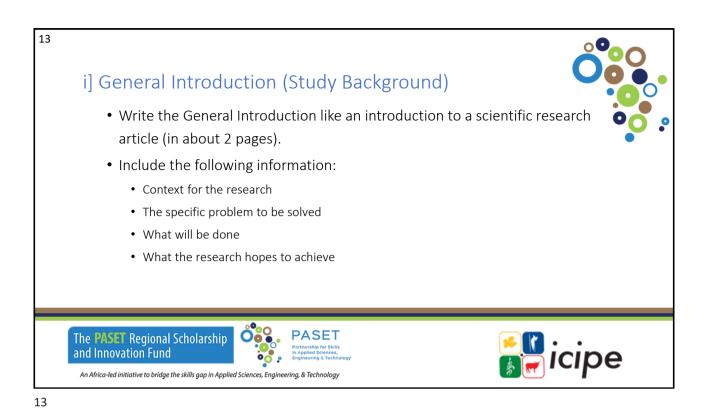




2] Abstract Background Objectives Material and methods Findings	Residual accumulation of herbicide residue threatens the sustainability of rice-wheat rotation systems in northern Bangladesh. The incorporation of green manure into the soil may stimulate the co-mineralization of pesticides and their metabolites. A two year field experiment was conducted on the experimental station of the Bangladesh Rice Research Institute to evaluate the effects of the application of <i>Azolla pinata</i> and <i>A. carolingiana</i> as green manure on the mineralization and co-metabolization of the herbicides propanil and buthachlor in a flooded rice soil (Tropaquept) on the experimental station of Naranga. Hot acid soil column extracts are analyzed by liquid chromatography for the active compounds as well as their metabolites. Preliminary findings from the first funding phase indicate that the incorporation of Azolla resulted in a co-mineralization of Propanil within a 3 week period but had no effect on Alachlor in the 3-month study period . Azolla green manure			
Conclusion	use helps avoid residual accumulation of some herbicides.			
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14 ii] Problem statement The heart of a doctoral dissertation is the PROBLEM STATEMENT. The problem statement informs the reader why the study ٠ is being undertaken and its importance. The **PASET** Regional Scholarship PASET and Innovation Fund cipe An Africa-led initiative to bridge the skills gap in Applied Sciences, Engineering, & Technology

What is the format for writing a problem statement?

The Ministry of Youth is dedicated to allocating enterprise development funds to both the youth and women. These funds are made available in order to start entrepreneurial ventures that create and expand employment.

One of the main focuses of the ministry is consistency. Unfortunately, consistency in allocating funds to the next generation of recipients requires prior knowledge of previous allocations and established practices. The current continuous disbursement method does not allow for adequate analysis of previous disbursements before a current disbursement is done.

Continuing with this current disbursement method prevents consistency and causes decisions to become grossly political, which in turn inhibits the achievement of the goals of the funds. Developing a more informed disbursement system could help better implement the consistency focus of the ministry and at the same time help the ministry better monitor and evaluate its funds. This proposed research aspires to explore options for a new funds disbursement system that would focus on consistency. To do this, the researcher will carry out a full stakeholder analysis and use it to propose appropriate policy interventions



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